*ZADANIA NA PRACĘ KONTROLNĄ Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO*

***ROK SZKOLNY 2021/2022***

GRUPA: A2 NAUCZYCIEL: O.WYSOCZAN-KOWALCZYK

I. Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative form of *have to.*

1. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go shopping every day, only at the weekend.

2. She’s studying history. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ read a lot of books.

3. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get up early on Monday. My English lesson starts at 7.30 a.m.

4. Polish students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to school on 3rd May. It’s a holiday.

5. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to train every afternoon for our swimming competition next month.

6. My friend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wear a school uniform, but I do!

7. I have got four tests in one week! I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ study hard.

Mark: \_\_\_ /7

II. Write questions with *have to*

1. When / they / take the exam? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. What / you / do this evening? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Where / your friend / go tomorrow? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. What / her brother / do every day? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. Who / your parents / take to the doctor's? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. How much / she / pay for her books? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. What time / we / get up? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Mark: \_\_\_ /7

III. Complete the sentences with the words below.

***bored keen interested good angry proud***

1. She's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the same teachers every year.

2. They're not very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on insects!

3. Are you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in chess?

4. I'm not very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at maths.

5. He's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of being at university.

6. My mum's always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with me when I get up late!

Mark: \_\_\_ /6

IV. Choose the correct verb forms.

1. Tom **doesn't go out / isn't going out** tonight because he has to study.

2. I can't answer the phone! **I have / I'm having** a shower!

3. Always check for cars before you **cross / are crossing** the road.

4. Sorry, he can't talk to you now. **He drives / He's driving** the car.

5. He likes food, but **he never cooks / he's never cooking**!

6. How often **do you eat / are you eating** fish?

7. Can you phone back later? **I prepare / I'm preparing** dinner at the moment.

Mark: \_\_\_ /7

V. Complete the dialogue with *some, any, much* or *many.*

**A** Let's see. We want to make spaghetti bolognese. Is there 1\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spaghetti on the shelf?

**B** Yes, there's a whole packet.

**A** Fine. How 2\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beef do we need?

**B** About 500 grams.

**A** Well, there isn't 3\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the fridge.

**B** OK, so we need to buy 4\_\_\_\_\_ beef!

**A** And vegetables! How 5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ carrots, tomatoes and onions do we need?

**B** I know we've got 6\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ carrots. How 7\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tins of tomatoes do we need?

**A** One tin is fine.

**B** OK, we've got two.

**A** And onions? Are there 8\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ onions in the cupboard?

**B** Yes, there are!

Mark: \_\_ **/**8

VI. Match the words below with the correct sentences.

***bananas beef onions carrots salmon peppers butter***

1. These vegetables are usually green or red, and sometimes yellow. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. This fish is a pink colour inside. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. These vegetables often make us cry when we cut them up! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. This meat comes from cows. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. These vegetables are long and orange. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. We often put this dairy product on bread. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. These are a long, yellow fruit. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Mark: \_\_ **/**7

VII. Write the words in brackets correctly.

1. She takes her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (edeminic) three times a day.

2. He can't walk because his leg is so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (pinufla).

3. After work, we like to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (exral).

4. This tea helps to \_\_\_\_\_ (ercu) stomach problems.

5. He goes to the gym as part of his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (metertant).

6. The doctor visits her \_\_\_\_\_\_ (pestatin) every morning.

7. All the noise gives me a terrible \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (aaeehhcd).

Mark: \_\_ **/**7

**VIII. Read the text.**

**MARTHA BLEWITT'S FASHION BLOG**

**December 29**

Hello everyone! Here I am on a weekend trip to Prague – in the middle of winter. People are wearing their best winter clothes. Lots of heavy jackets and coats for the men, and long skirts and boots for the women – because it's not easy to walk in the snow in normal shoes! People in the park are doing exercises in tracksuits and trainers, but with a sweatshirt on top!

**February 7**

Today's report is from a fancy dress party to celebrate Carnival here in the south of France. I notice that nobody's wearing hats, maybe because it's quite warm. And I can't see many coats either. Lots of colourful tops and comfortable, informal trousers like leggings and joggers – a few men are even wearing shorts! Everyone's having a great time, dancing in the streets. And if you don't wear a hat, it can't fall off when you're dancing!

**July 12**

Hello again – now I'm in Berlin in July. Everybody seems to have a message on their T-shirts, and in all kinds of different languages! Young people are wearing shorts, skirts, jeans and trainers – really casual clothes. But it's easy to see the business people in their suits and ties and shiny shoes! They look so serious! Orange seems like a popular colour this summer, especially with the women. Men seem to prefer greens and blues.

**Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?**

1. Normal shoes are common in Prague in winter. \_\_\_

2. People are jogging in the streets at Carnival. \_\_\_

3. People with hats are dancing at Carnival. \_\_\_

4. Business people in Berlin always wear very smart clothes. \_\_\_

5. Men and women in Berlin aren't wearing the same colours. \_\_\_

Mark: \_\_ /5

**TOTAL: ………… / 54**